Studies Towards the Total Synthesis of Griseoviridin

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Griseoviridin (1) is a natural product of mixed polyketide-non-ribosomal peptide origin, which was first isolated from culture broths of *Streptomyces griseus* in 1955 by Bartz and co-workers. ^[1] The compound belongs to the streptogramin A class of antibiotics and exerts its antibacterial activity through binding to the ribosome and the inhibition of protein synthesis. ^[2] Among the various type A streptogramins, griseoviridin (1) is the structurally most complex, featuring an additional thio-vinyl ether containing 9-membered lactone ring, and the one whose chemistry and biology has been least studied. ^[3] Its challenging chemical structure combined with its antibacterial activity prompted us to embark on the total synthesis of griseoviridin (1).

We envision to access the natural product via late-stage construction of the macrolactone domain by an intramolecular HWE reaction; we hypothesize that conducting this key step with the macrolactam system already installed could provide a favorable pre-organization effect for the closure of the strained 9-membered ring. The macrocycle 2 is traced back to the two major building blocks 3 and 4 via a Pd-catalyzed cross-coupling / amide coupling sequence. Herein, we present the current state of our efforts towards the total synthesis of griseoviridin (1), including the successful synthesis of vinyl iodide 4, phosphonate 3 and the results of model studies investigating the feasibility of the envisioned intramolecular HWE reaction.

^[1] Q. R. Bartz, J. Standiford, J. D. Mold, D. W. Johannessen, A. Ryder, A. Maretzki, T. H. Haskell, Antibiotics Annu. 1, 1955, 777-783.

^[2] M. Barbacid, A. Contreras, D. Vazquez, Biochimica et Biophysica Acta 1975, 395, 347-354

^[3] F. Ahmed, W. A. Donaldson P., Mini-Rev. Org. Chem. 2007, 4, 159-181